POWER AND COMMAND

How big government influences markets



Christopher Nichols FIA C.Act, Global Investment Strategist Newton Investment Management





Learning objectives

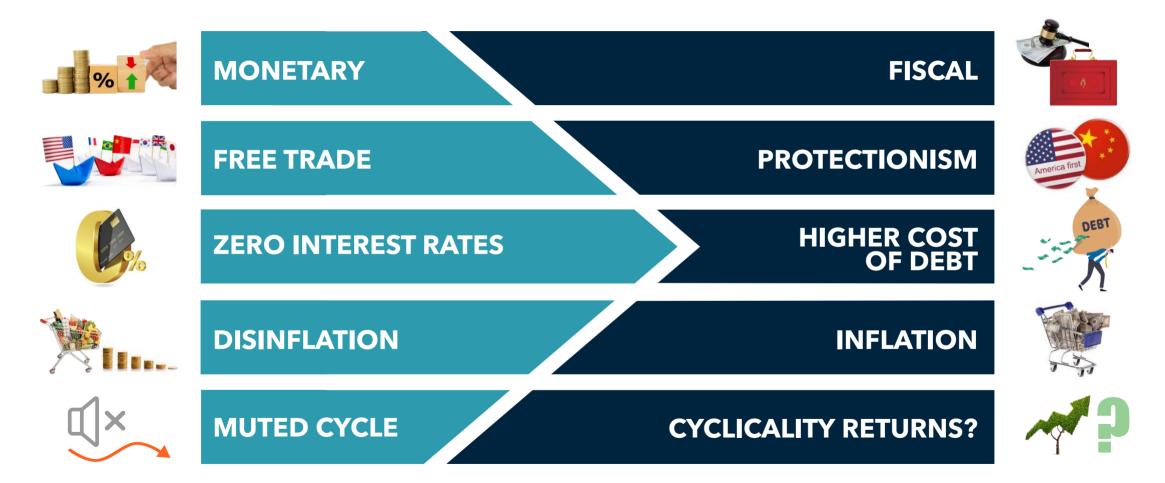
Explore four key dimensions of government control which are relevant to markets

Discuss the direction of travel of these themes & the way they connect to each other

Examine the potential influence on market sectors, opportunities and risks across asset classes



How the investment environment has altered



PERSPECTIVE IS KEY TO LONG-TERM INVESTING



Promises made by new leaders



TRADE & PROTECTIONISM



REGULATION



IMMIGRATION



TAXATION



ENERGY POLICY



FOREIGN POLICY

Discussion 1

How has the changed environment affected your clients and what they need from you?



Promises made by new leaders









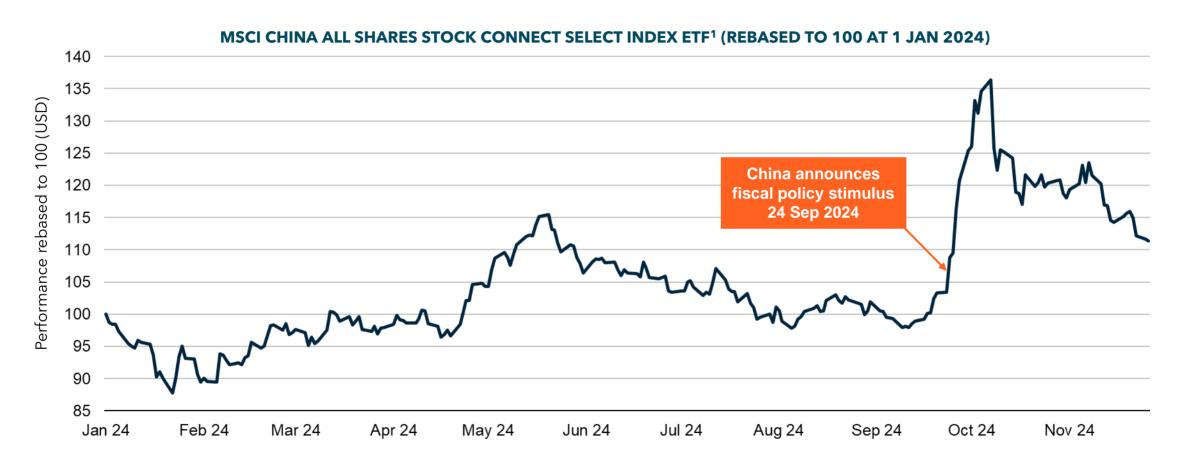








Signals v's noise: News-flow can have short-lived impact



Source: Bloomberg, 26 November 2024. ¹Invesco MSCI China All Shares Cnct ETF MXCN.

Protectionism has implications

Regional market share changes since 2018





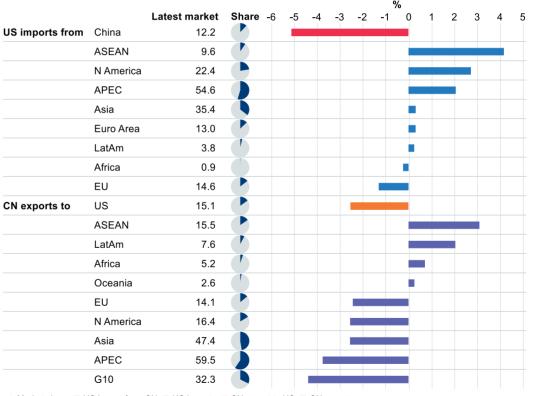


Sources: Macrobond using data from Bureau of Economic Analysis (US Dept. Of Commerce), China Customs Statistics, US Census Bureau and the General Administration of Customs, People's Republic of China. https://www.macrobond.com/insights/charts-of-the-week/trumps-win-sparks-market-rally-as-china-extends-lead-in-global-innovation#chart-5. published 15 November 2024.

ASEAN: Association of Southeast Asian Nations. APEC: Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation.

US IMPORTS AND CHINESE EXPORTS: REGIONAL MARKET SHARE CHANGES SINCE 2018

Changes from 2018 to Q3 24 (US-China trade war to present)

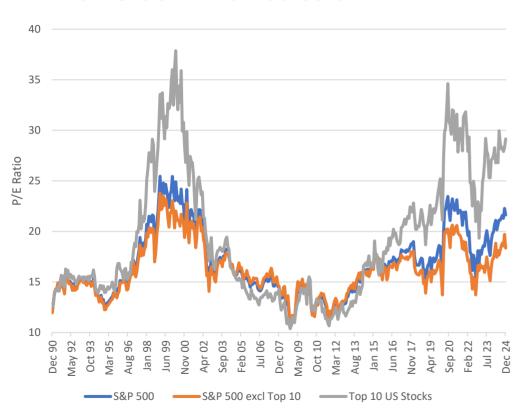


Market share ■ US import from CN ■ US imports ■ CN export to US ■ CN exports



Market concentration is at historic levels...

VALUATIONS OF THE TOP-10 STOCKS ARE ELEVATED



SHARE OF MARKET CAP IN TOP 10 STOCKS



Societe Generale Research/Quant, 31 December 2024



Discussion 2

What are your big concerns about markets and how is this changing your thinking / behaviour?



Triangulate key drivers to identify opportunity



Source: Newton, December 2024.

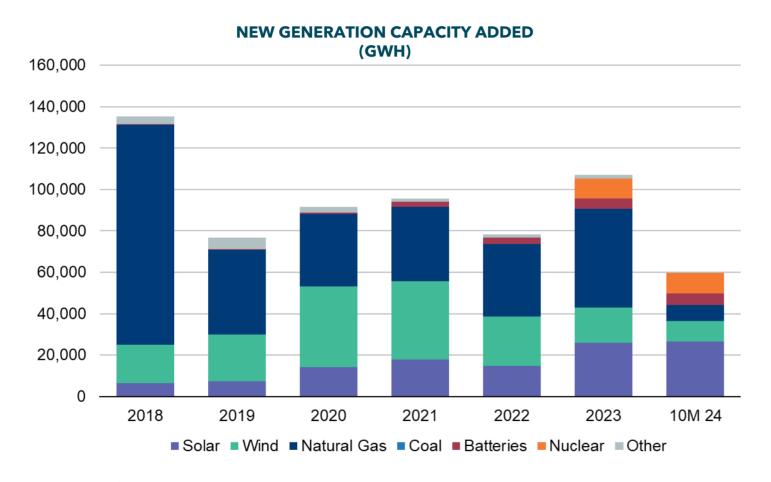
US power demand

11

Growth acceleration over the next decade likely to drive additional demand

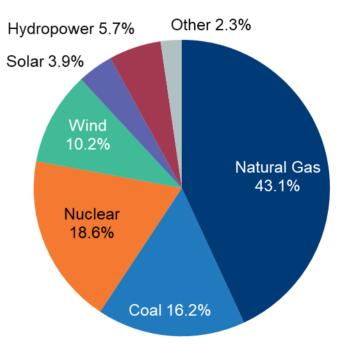
GWh per year, In millions **Data Centres** 2033 (forecast) Flat electricity demand Manufacturing Rising electricity demand **Today** 2007 **Electrification** Energy efficiency improvements Economic headwinds US domestic manufacturing decline Growing economy Population growth Consumer adoption of electric products 1989 U.S. Department of Energy: https://www.energy.gov/policy/articles/clean-energy-resources-meet-data-center-electricity-demand#op2. August 2024 Demand forecasts - North American Electric Reliability Corporation: https://www.nerc.com/pa/RAPA/ESD/Pages/default.aspx. December 2024 New York Times. https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2024/03/13/climate/electric-power-climate-change.html. March 2024 >BNY | INVESTMENTS

US electricity mix and new generation



4,178,000 GWH

SHARE OF ELECTRICITY DELIVERED IN 2023 (GWH)



Source: US Energy Information Administration. October 2024.



Practical constraints on growth









Source: Newton, December 2024.

GE Vernova

Example firm at the nexus of power challenge

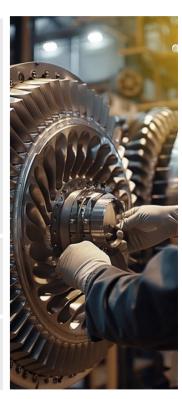
MULTIDIMENSIONAL RESEARCH INPUTS Core **fundamentals FIXED INCOME & CREDI** RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT QUANTITATIVE **ALTERNATIVES** grid. FUNDAMENTAL EQUITY potential. ICRO & MACRO THEMES Valuation¹ **INVESTIGATIVE** PRIVATE MARKETS GEOPOLITICS Big Data & Al Cloud

INVESTMENT RATIONALE - SUMMARY

- Recent spin out from General Electric. Designs and manufactures power, wind and electrification technology.
- Demand stems from rising electricity consumption needs and subsequent need for electrification and decarbonisation equipment.
- Attractive outlook as the business embarks on a significant order cycle for industrial gas turbines. Its electrification segment should also benefit from modernisation of the US
- Supply demand imbalance presents pricing and margin upside
- Based on consensus estimates:
 - 36x P/E FY2
 - 3-year fwd EPS CAGR 34%







Note:

Source: Newton, September 2024. The securities mentioned are only for illustrating the investment process of Newton Investment Management. These opinions should not be construed as investment or any other advice and are subject to change. This slide is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer or solicitation to invest.



¹Source: Bloomberg, September 2024.

Discussion 3

In going from global macro and political drivers to an opportunity in a single security we triangulated themes driving power-demand growth with constraints in supply and the need for infrastructure. This multi-dimensional approach is our persistent edge in managing assets.

How does your investment approach capture these macro themes?



Summary

Mirrors, signal, manoeuvre



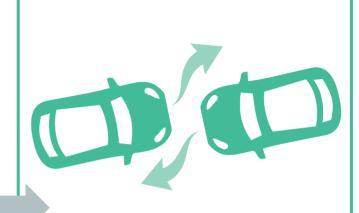
MIRROR

- Low volatility
- Cheap money
- High returns from index beta



SIGNAL

- Inflation
- Fiscal Stimulus
- Debt burden
- Concentration



MANOEUVRE

- Thematic drivers
- Multiple perspectives
- Dispersion
- Conviction

Learning outcomes

Four key dimensions: Protectionism, Fiscal stimulus, Energy security and Infrastructure (aligned to net zero goals)

Direction of travel: Deglobalisation, Debt constraint, Diversity & Delay

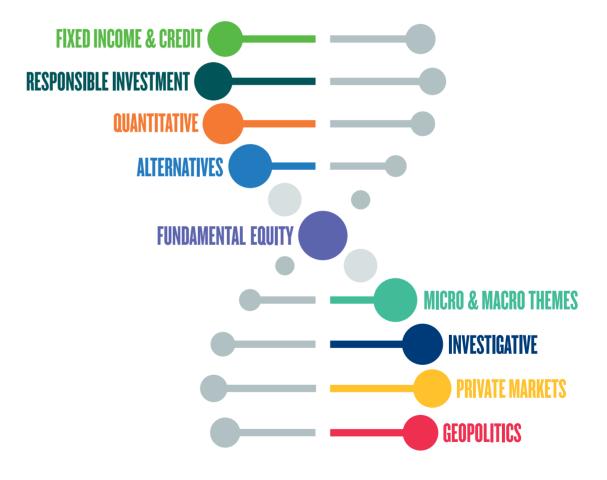
Influence: Inflation, Higher volatility, Muted index performance, High dispersion / the need for multi-dimensional research



Multidimensional research

Newton's key differentiator





Source: Newton. December 2024.



How Newton's approach addresses material challenges

Different market conditions warrant a distinct approach





Will equity index earnings justify current valuations?



Unconstrained global research means index performance is less relevant to Newton's generation of alpha

Source Newton. December 2024. Newton





Bonds have been seen to be a potentially less reliable hedge



A focus on bottom-up portfolio construction diversifies contributions to returns.

Stock diversifiers are plentiful

MACRO UNCERTAINTY



Divergence across and within markets creates opportunities



Concentrated discretionary portfolios thrive on divergence

CENTRAL BANK POLICY



Fiscal policy levers likely to have different beneficiaries



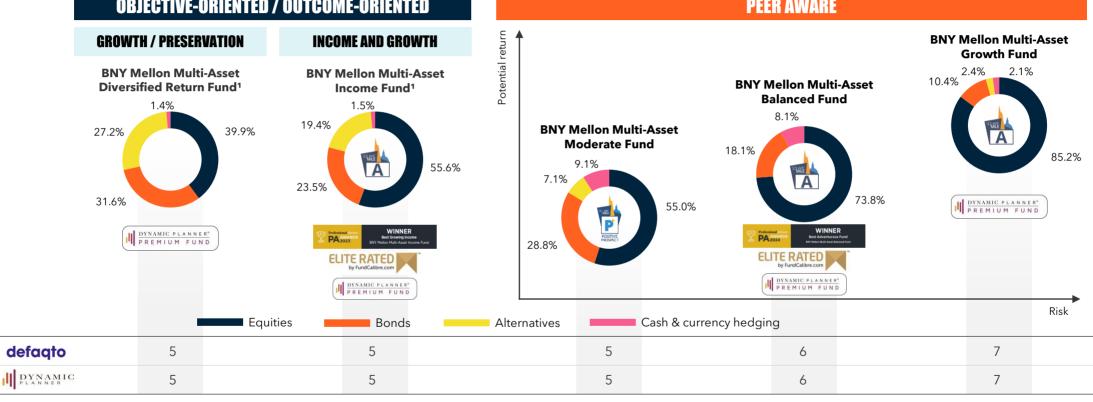
Our thematic research helps identify the firms that stand to win



Newton's multi-asset capabilities







Source: Newton, 31 December 2024.

Ratings are for illustrative purposes only and should not be relied upon when making an investment decision. Ratings are correct as at end of month shown. Dynamic Planner Risk Ratings rating should not be used for making an investment decision and it does not constitute a recommendation or advice in the selection of a specific investment or class of investments.

Scopic Multi Asset DNA Reports are designed to provide intermediaries with detailed qualitative based analysis to help them when researching and recommending multi asset portfolios for different client segments.

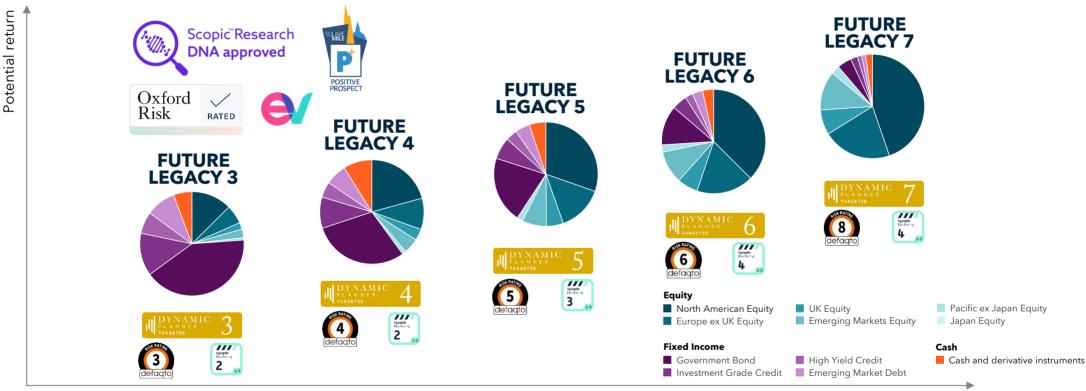
The use of corporate names or logos in this presentation, other than those of Newton or its affiliates, is for illustrative purposes only and rights to any logos, trademarks or servicemarks are owned by their respective entities.



^{1.} The Fund can invest more than 35% of net assets in different Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by any EEA State, its local authorities, a third country or public international bodies of which one or more EEA

The best of Newton's sustainable asset management skills

The BNY Mellon FutureLegacy fund range targets long-term growth and income within a range of defined risk profiles¹



Note: ¹ Details of specific fund objectives can be found at the end of this presentation.

Source: Newton, 31 December 2024. Ratings are for illustrative purposes only and should not be relied upon when making an investment decision. Ratings are correct as at 30 September 2024. Dynamic Planner Risk Ratings should not be used for making an investment decision and it does not constitute a recommendation or advice in the selection of a specific investment or class of investments. Scopic Multi-Asset DNA Reports are designed to provide intermediaries with detailed qualitative based analysis to help them when researching and recommending multi asset portfolios for different client segments. The BNY Mellon FutureLegacy funds are actively managed typically by using forward-looking expectations of volatility. In doing so, the Investment Manager uses its own internal risk model, whilst also considering external independent risk profile scale of 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest), the funds target risk profiles of 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 but this is not guaranteed. The risk profile targeted by each of the BNY Mellon FutureLegacy funds can be identified through the number included in the respective fund's name. This risk profile is not the same as the risk and reward category shown in the funds' Key Investor Information Document(s). The risk profiles of the funds are currently assessed against the risk ratings scale provided by Dynamic Planner. But is subject to change at the ACD's discretion.

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BNY Mellon FutureLegacy Fund range

A RANGE OF FIVE RISK-RATED FUNDS



Newton's best ideas



Dynamic & global



Direct investment



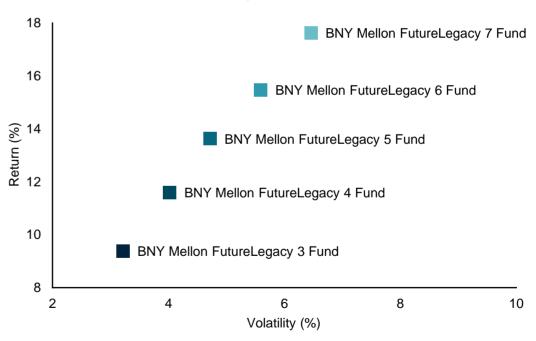
Active management



Sustainable investment framework

Consistent risk categorisation puts choice in the hands of individuals and their advisors

1-YEAR RISK/RETURN PROFILE

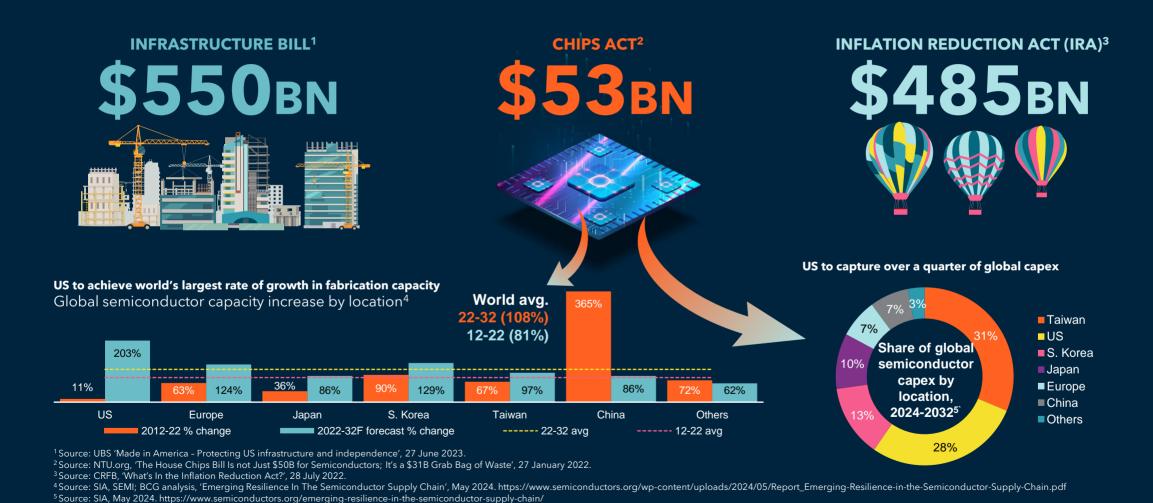


Source: Lipper, 31 December 2024. Fund performance calculated as midday prices, total return, income reinvested, net of 0.45% annual management charges, Inst W Acc share class, in GBP.



APPENDIX

Unspent fiscal stimulus threatened by Trump

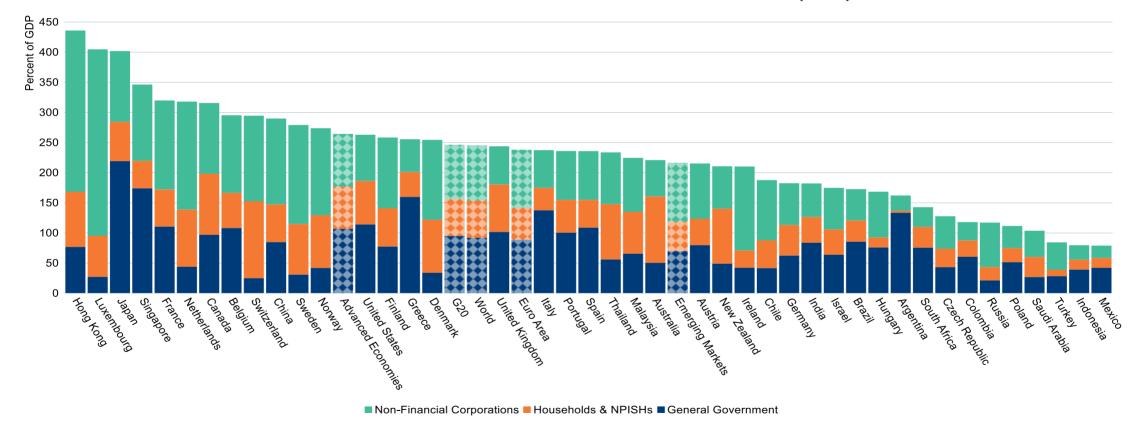


BNY | INVESTMENTS

Global debt burden

Market reaction constrains fiscal headroom

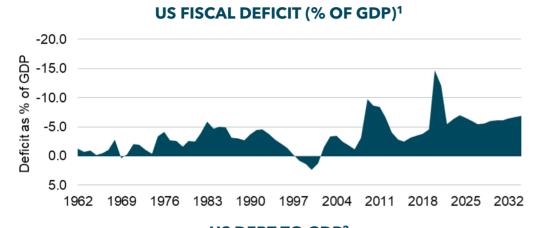
DEBT-TO-GDP RATIOS BY SECTOR ACROSS GLOBAL ECONOMIES (2024)

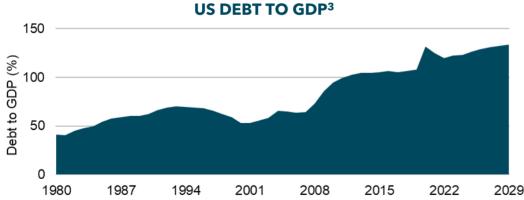


Source: Macrobond, BIS (The Bank for International Settlements), data accessed 28/11/2024. Patterned columns represent groups of countries. NPISH: Non-profit institutions serving households.



US policy: Constrained by debt?

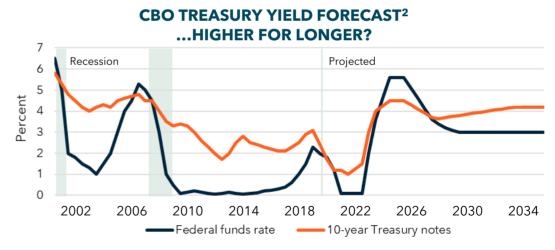








DISCRETIONARY SPENDING UNDER PRESSURE



¹ Source: Congressional Budget Office (CBO) 'The Budget and Economic Outlook: 2024 to 2034', June 2024 (CBO projection from 2024)

For illustrative purposes only.

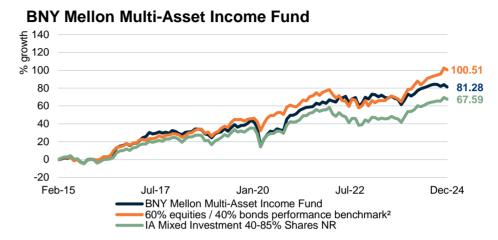


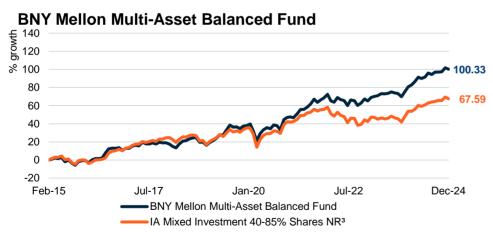
² Source: CBO, 'An Update to the Budget and Economic Outlook: 2024 to 2034', June 2024. https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2024-06/60039-Outlook-2024.pdf

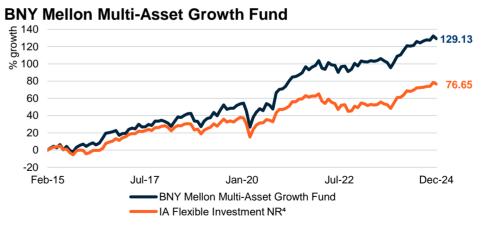
³ Source: Bloomberg, International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2024 (IMF estimates after 2022).

Newton's multi-asset capabilities

BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Diversified Return Fund 140 120 80 60 40 20 -20 Feb-15 Jul-17 BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Diversified Return Fund 30-day SONIA +3%¹ IA Targeted Absolute Return NR







Source: Lipper, 31 December 2024. Fund performance is calculated as midday prices, total return, income reinvested, net of 0.63% annual management charges, Inst W Acc share class, in GBP.

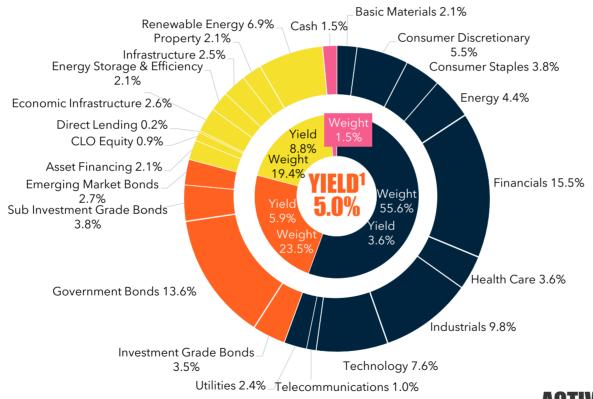
Notes: Performance shown since inception of BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Income Fund: 4 February 2015. Rebased from 4 February 2015. Comparisons are made to demonstrate correlation only and are for illustrative purposes only. 1. The IA Mixed Investment 40-85% Shares NR performance benchmark is used as a comparator for this fund. The fund does not aim to replicate either the composition or the performance benchmark. 2.The IA Flexible Investment NR performance benchmark is used as a comparator for this fund. The fund does not aim to replicate either the composition or the performance of the performance benchmark. 3. SONIA (30-day compounded) +3% p.a. is used as a comparator for this fund. The fund does not aim to replicate either the composition or the performance benchmark changed from 1-month GBP LIBOR +3% p.a. to SONIA (30-day compounded) +3% p.a. A Composite benchmark comprising 60% MSCI AC World NR Index and 40% ICE Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market GBP Hedged TR Index is used as a comparator for this fund. The fund does not aim to replicate either the composition or the performance benchmark.

Liquid alternatives for income

undament active & flexible

BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Income Fund

Positioning by industry, as at 31 December 2024



ACTIVE, FLEXIBLE AND DIRECTLY INVESTED

Source: Newton, 31 December 2024



■ Equities

Alternatives

Bonds

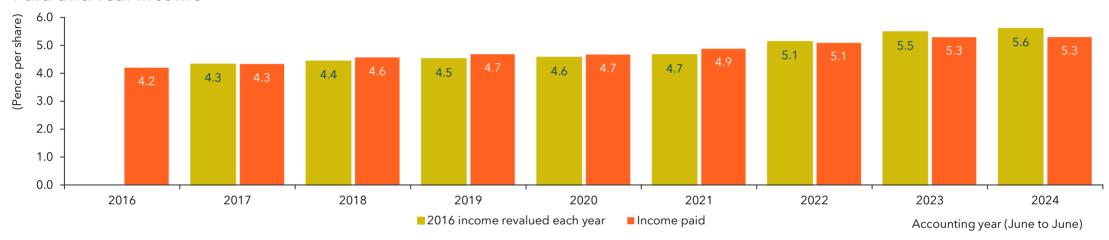
Cash

^{1.} The historical yield is based on the income paid over the last year and divided by the latest unit price.

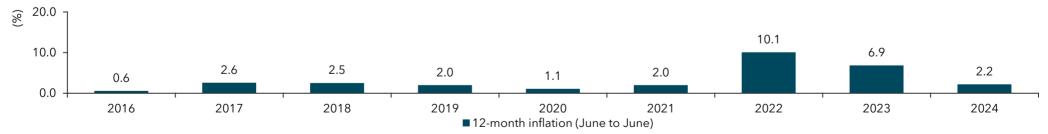
Income per share

BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Income Fund

Paid and real income¹



12-month inflation (June to June)²



Source: BNY Investments. ¹Income paid on BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Income Fund Institutional W Income share class for 12-month periods ending on 30 June of each year shown. 1. Accounting year 2016 income was revalued using monthly CPI index values to roll forward to each subsequent June anniversary in the chart. This is for illustrative purposes only and does not take into account effects of inflation or other factors that may have a negative impact on an investment. 2. UK CPI from the ONS.



Newton's multi-asset capabilities

	BNY MELLON MULTI-ASSET DIVERSIFIED RETURN FUND	BNY MELLON MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND	BNY MELLON MULTI-ASSET MODERATE FUND	BNY MELLON MULTI-ASSET BALANCED FUND	BNY MELLON MULTI-ASSET GROWTH FUND
Focus	Capital preservation	Income	Moderate	Balanced	Growth
Attributes	 Fundamental, active and flexible approach. Controls risk through diversification at asset and security level. Adoption of a wide opportunity set to deliver strong risk-adjusted returns. Aims to achieve a positive return on a rolling three year basis. However, a positive return is not guaranteed and a capital loss may occur. 	 Income paid monthly. A fully flexible multi-asset strategy. Emphasis on long-term investing and focus on income. Single portfolio to source the best income producing opportunities across all asset classes. 	 Conviction-based, flexible, multiasset relative return strategy with no market cap, sector or regional constraints. Investment process based on strong fundamentals and valuation case, guided by longterm, global, thematic perspective. Emphasis on bottom-up security selection. 	Conviction-based, flexible, multi-asset relative return strategy with no market cap, sector or regional constraints. Investment process based on strong fundamentals and valuation case, guided by long-term, global, thematic perspective. Emphasis on bottom-up security selection.	 Conviction-based, flexible, multi-asset relative return strategy with no market cap, sector or regional constraints. Investment process based on strong fundamentals and valuation case, guided by long-term, global, thematic perspective. Emphasis on bottom-up security selection.
IA sector	IA Targeted Absolute Return	IA Mixed Investment 40-85% Shares	IA Mixed Investment 20-60% Shares IA Mixed Investment 40-85% Shares		IA Flexible
Launch date	27 November 2006	4 February 2015	30 August 2023	ust 2023 4 November 1986	
Fund assets	£434m	£240m	£50m	£3.2bn	£2,282m
Indicative equity range	35% ± 10% ¹	20-80%1	20-60%	70% ± 15% ¹	85% ± 15% ¹
Portfolio manager	Paul Bhavin Flood Shah	Paul Bhavin Flood Shah	Paul Bhavin Flood Shah	Simon Bhavin Paul Nichols Shah Flood	Paul Bhavin Simon Flood Shah Nichols

The BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Income Fund and the BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Diversified Return Fund can invest more than 35% of net assets in different Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by any EEA State, its local authorities, a third country or public international bodies of which one or more EEA States are members.

Newton Mixed Assets & Charities Investment Team

Multidimensional Research

15 years' average investment experience 9 years' average tenure at firm

Fundamental Equity

Quantitative Equity

Quantitative Multi-Asset

Specialist

Responsible Investment

Credit

years' average investment experience

14 t

years' average tenure at firm



Paul Flood CFA, CQF Head of Mixed Assets Investment



Simon Nichols³ CFA, ACA



Hilary Meades UKSIP Head of Charities Investment



Janice Kim



Nancy Last²



Mathieu Poitrat Rachmaninoff MBA



Shah

CFA. MSc

Michael Spinks CFA

Portfolio Managers

23 years' average investment experience 14 years' average tenure at firm

Equity Income

Global Opportunities¹

Small Cap Equities

Emerging Markets & Asia Equities

UK Equities

Real Return

Mixed Assets & Charities

Multi-Asset Solutions

Fixed Income

SINGLE INVESTMENT TEAM, INTERACTIVE AND COLLABORATIVE APPROACH

Source: Newton group of companies, 31 October 2024. Years' investment experience and tenure at firm are team average numbers as at 31 October 2024, with years at firm relating to tenure at Newton and/or Mellon Investments Corporation. 1. Includes Sustainable Equities. 2. Desk-based analyst. 3. Simon Nichols also manages global equity portfolios.

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Multidimensional Research Team

Overview of research analysts - by area of specialism

Fundamental Equity



Brock Campbell Head of Global Equity Research



Maria Toneva¹
Deputy Head of
Global Equity Research



Jonny UrwinDeputy Head of
Global Equity Research

Secular



Rob Zeuthen Head of Secular

Brian Byrnes Richard Eary Siuchoon Koay Shivam Kollur

Growth Cyclicals



Monty Kori Head of Growth Cyclicals

Julian Bertie Hannah Chen Vivek Gautam Bryan Ng Maria Toneva¹ Evelyn Chen Frank Goguen David Intoppa

True Cyclicals

Thomas Karthaus Alex Trombetta

Todd Wakefield

True Cyclicals

Nicholas Cohn

Development

Head of Platform

Head of

Research Associates²

Andrew Crawford

Claire DiLorenzo

Michael Grady

Jack Mancini

Lisa McGee

Kate Repka

Utkarsh Malhotra

Gianna Martucci

Nick Mlodzienski

Carolina Ortega

Will Richardson

Anna Tefoglou

Paul Falvev

Research & Development



Edward Walter Head of Research & Development

Matthew Jenkin Katie Smith Tina Vu

Interest-Rate Sensitive / Stable



Mike Holton Head of Interest Sensitive / Stable

Brock Campbell Caroline Higgins Jonny Urwin Boya Zhao-Robinson



Ilya Figelman Head of Quantitative Multi-Asset Research

Douglas Beach Berto Brauns Chen Cui Elijah Dingels Tony Gao Xuan Huan Austin Jennings Jacob Leisey-Bartsch Irene Wang

Quantitative - Multi-Asset Responsible Investment



Therese NiklassonGlobal Head
of Sustainable Investment



Head of Sustainability Research

Sakshi Bahl



Alexander Parkinson
Co-Head of RI Analytics



Onkar Jagtap³ Amit Khandelwal³ Antoine Najm







Co-head of RI Analytics Anchit Sharma³

Anchit Sharma³ Harish Venkatachalam³ Shalin Vora³

Quantitative - Equity



Martin Stephan Head of Quantitative Research

Andrew Abrahams
Stephanie Brandaleone
Paul Byrne
George DeFina
Ian Johnston
Joseph Karagoz
Cameron Kilduff
Shawn Zhang

Specialist Research⁴



Raphael Lewis Head of Specialist Research

Brian Blongastainer Elizabeth Davis Joaquim Encarnacao Elias Glenn

Credit Analysts



Ella Hoxha⁵ Head of Fixed Income

Martin Chambers Howard Cunningham⁶ Jeevan Dhoot Scott Freedman⁶ Ashwin Palta⁶ Sinead Prendergast

FOSTERING COLLABORATIVE TEAMWORK

Source: Newton group of companies, 30 September 2024.

1. Employee of BNY Mellon Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A. - Milan providing support to Newton. 2. Research associates are not included in the calculation of team average numbers. 3. An employee of BNY Mellon Operations India providing support to the Newton Responsible Investment Team from Pune, India. 4. Specialist Research includes thematic, investigative, private markets. 5. Portfolio manager, not included in the analyst figures. 6. Combined research / investment management roles.



Presenter



Christopher Nichols FIA C.Act Global Investment Strategist, Mixed Assets Team

Christopher joined Newton in 2022 to develop Newton's client solutions business which creates bespoke portfolios aligned to strategic clients' unique objectives by harnessing the best of Newton's capabilities. In particular, he aligns with the Portfolio Managers of mixed assets portfolios, supporting their commercial development activities. Previously he headed the Multi-Asset Investment Specialist Team at abrdn (formerly Standard Life Investments) where he worked for 17 years in the design and commercial development of multi-asset, global macro discretionary and systematic portfolios for an extensive global array of clients. Prior to that he was an international actuary for Standard Life Assurance, designing and launching long-term savings and investment products for UK and European customers.

Christopher has a Physics degree from Durham University and is a Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries.

Joined Newton: 2022 Joined industry: 1991



BNY Mellon FutureLegacy 3 Fund

Investment objective

To achieve capital growth and potential for income over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a pre-defined level of risk. The Fund will aim to maintain a risk profile classification of 3 from a scale of 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) which is assessed against the risk ratings scale provided by an external third party risk rating agency.

Performance Benchmark

The Fund is actively managed without benchmark related constraints. The Fund uses a composite index, comprising 15% SONIA GBP, 55% ICE B0fAML Global Broad Index GBP Hedged and 30% MSCI ACWI GBP NR as a point of reference (comparator) against which the ACD invites Shareholders to compare the Fund's performance. The ACD considers the composite index to be an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of the asset classes, sectors and geographical areas in which the Fund predominantly invests.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	6.48
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	7.59

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	6.48
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	7.59

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation or one of its affiliates ("BNYM") has invested in the Fund. As a result of restrictions under the "Volcker Rule," which has been adopted by U.S. Regulators, BNYM must reduce its shareholding percentage so that it constitutes less than 25% of the Fund within, generally, three years of the Fund's establishment (which starts when the Fund's manager begins making investments for the Fund). Risks may include: BNYM may initially own a proportionately larger percentage of the Fund, and any mandatory reductions may increase Fund portfolio turnover rates, resulting in increased costs, expenses and taxes. Details of BNYM's investment in the Fund are available upon request.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The Fund follows a sustainable investment approach, which may cause it to perform differently than funds that have a similar objective but which do not integrate sustainable investment criteria when selecting securities. The Fund will not engage in stock lending activities and, therefore, may forego any additional returns that may be produced through such activities.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- If this share class is denominated in a different currency from the base currency of the Fund. Changes in the exchange rate between the share class currency and the base currency may affect the value of your investment.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon FutureLegacy 4 Fund

Investment objective

To achieve capital growth and potential for income over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a pre-defined level of risk. The Fund will aim to maintain a risk profile classification of 4 from a scale of 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) which is assessed against the risk ratings scale provided by an external third party risk rating agency.

Performance Benchmark

The Fund is actively managed without benchmark related constraints. The Fund uses a composite index, comprising 10% SONIA GBP, 45% BAML Global Broad Index GBP Hedged and 45% MSCI ACWI GBP NR as a point of reference (comparator) against which the ACD invites Shareholders to compare the Fund's performance. The ACD considers the composite index to be an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of the asset classes, sectors and geographical areas in which the Fund predominantly invests.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	8.66
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	10.03

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	8.66
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	10.03

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation or one of its affiliates ("BNYM") has invested in the Fund. As a result of restrictions under the "Volcker Rule," which has been adopted by U.S. Regulators, BNYM must reduce its shareholding percentage so that it constitutes less than 25% of the Fund within, generally, three years of the Fund's establishment (which starts when the Fund's manager begins making investments for the Fund). Risks may include: BNYM may initially own a proportionately larger percentage of the Fund, and any mandatory reductions may increase Fund portfolio turnover rates, resulting in increased costs, expenses and taxes. Details of BNYM's investment in the Fund are available upon request.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The Fund follows a sustainable investment approach, which may cause it to perform differently than funds that have a similar objective but which do not integrate sustainable investment criteria when selecting securities. The Fund will not engage in stock lending activities and, therefore, may forego any additional returns that may be produced through such activities.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- If this share class is denominated in a different currency from the base currency of the Fund. Changes in the exchange rate between the share class currency and the base currency may affect the value of your investment.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon FutureLegacy 5 Fund

Investment objective

To achieve capital growth and potential for income over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a pre-defined level of risk. The Fund will aim to maintain a risk profile classification of 5 from a scale of 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) which is assessed against the risk ratings scale provided by an external third party risk rating agency.

Performance Benchmark

The Fund is actively managed without benchmark related constraints. The Fund uses a composite index, comprising 5% SONIA GBP, 35% BAML Global Broad Index GBP Hedged and 60% MSCI ACWI GBP NR as a point of reference (comparator) against which the ACD invites Shareholders to compare the Fund's performance. The ACD considers the composite index to be an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of the asset classes, sectors and geographical areas in which the Fund predominantly invests.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	10.94
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	12.5

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	10.94
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	12.50

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation or one of its affiliates ("BNYM") has invested in the Fund. As a result of restrictions under the "Volcker Rule," which has been adopted by U.S. Regulators, BNYM must reduce its shareholding percentage so that it constitutes less than 25% of the Fund within, generally, three years of the Fund's establishment (which starts when the Fund's manager begins making investments for the Fund). Risks may include: BNYM may initially own a proportionately larger percentage of the Fund, and any mandatory reductions may increase Fund portfolio turnover rates, resulting in increased costs, expenses and taxes. Details of BNYM's investment in the Fund are available upon request.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The Fund follows a sustainable investment approach, which may cause it to perform differently than funds that have a similar objective but which do not integrate sustainable investment criteria when selecting securities. The Fund will not engage in stock lending activities and, therefore, may forego any additional returns that may be produced through such activities.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- If this share class is denominated in a different currency from the base currency of the Fund. Changes in the exchange rate between the share class currency and the base currency may affect the value of your investment.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon FutureLegacy 6 Fund

Investment objective

To achieve capital growth and potential for income over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a pre-defined level of risk. The Fund will aim to maintain a risk profile classification of 6 from a scale of 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) which is assessed against the risk ratings scale provided by an external third party risk rating agency.

Performance Benchmark

The Fund is actively managed without benchmark related constraints. The Fund uses a composite index, comprising 25% BAML Global Broad Index GBP Hedged and 75% MSCI ACWI GBP NR as a point of reference (comparator) against which the ACD invite Shareholders to compare the Fund's performance. The ACD considers the composite index to be an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of the asset classes, sectors and geographical areas in which the Fund predominantly invests.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	12.7
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	15.02

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	12.70
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	15.02

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation or one of its affiliates ("BNYM") has invested in the Fund. As a result of restrictions under the "Volcker Rule," which has been adopted by U.S. Regulators, BNYM must reduce its shareholding percentage so that it constitutes less than 25% of the Fund within, generally, three years of the Fund's establishment (which starts when the Fund's manager begins making investments for the Fund). Risks may include: BNYM may initially own a proportionately larger percentage of the Fund, and any mandatory reductions may increase Fund portfolio turnover rates, resulting in increased costs, expenses and taxes. Details of BNYM's investment in the Fund are available upon request.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The Fund follows a sustainable investment approach, which may cause it to perform
 differently than funds that have a similar objective but which do not integrate
 sustainable investment criteria when selecting securities. The Fund will not engage
 in stock lending activities and, therefore, may forego any additional returns that may
 be produced through such activities.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- If this share class is denominated in a different currency from the base currency of the Fund. Changes in the exchange rate between the share class currency and the base currency may affect the value of your investment.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon FutureLegacy 7 Fund

Investment objective

To achieve capital growth and potential for income over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a pre-defined level of risk. The Fund will aim to maintain a risk profile classification of 7 from a scale of 1 (lowest) to 10 (highest) which is assessed against the risk ratings scale provided by an external third party risk rating agency.

Performance Benchmark

The Fund is actively managed without benchmark related constraints. The Fund uses a composite index, comprising 10% BAML Global Broad Index GBP Hedged and 90% MSCI ACWI GBP NR as a point of reference (comparator) against which the ACD invites Shareholders to compare the Fund's performance. The ACD considers the composite index to be an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of the asset classes, sectors and geographical areas in which the Fund predominantly invests.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	14.46
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	17.75

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	14.46
Performance Benchmark	-	-	-	-	17.75

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation or one of its affiliates ("BNYM") has invested in the Fund. As a result of restrictions under the "Volcker Rule," which has been adopted by U.S. Regulators, BNYM must reduce its shareholding percentage so that it constitutes less than 25% of the Fund within, generally, three years of the Fund's establishment (which starts when the Fund's manager begins making investments for the Fund). Risks may include: BNYM may initially own a proportionately larger percentage of the Fund, and any mandatory reductions may increase Fund portfolio turnover rates, resulting in increased costs, expenses and taxes. Details of BNYM's investment in the Fund are available upon request.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The Fund follows a sustainable investment approach, which may cause it to perform differently than funds that have a similar objective but which do not integrate sustainable investment criteria when selecting securities. The Fund will not engage in stock lending activities and, therefore, may forego any additional returns that may be produced through such activities.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- If this share class is denominated in a different currency from the base currency of the Fund. Changes in the exchange rate between the share class currency and the base currency may affect the value of your investment.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Balanced Fund

Investment objective

The Fund aims to achieve a balance between income and capital growth over the long term (5 years or more).

Performance Benchmark

The Fund will measure its performance against the UK Investment Association Mixed Investment 40-85% Shares NR Sector average as a comparator benchmark (the "Benchmark"). The Fund will use the Benchmark as an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of funds with levels of equity and bond exposure similar to those of the Fund.

The Fund is actively managed, which means the Investment Manager has discretion over the selection of investments, subject to the investment objective and policies as disclosed in the Prospectus.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	6.49	17.37	-4.23	9.43	10.8
Performance Benchmark	5.09	11.24	-10	8.02	8.9

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	6.49	17.37	-4.23	9.43	10.80
Performance Benchmark	5.09	11.24	-10.00	8.02	8.90

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund takes its charges from the capital of the Fund. Investors should be aware
 that this has the effect of lowering the capital value of your investment and limiting
 the potential for future capital growth. On redemption, you may not receive back the
 full amount you initially invested.
- The Fund may invest in China interbank bond market through connection between the related Mainland and Hong Kong financial infrastructure institutions. These may be subject to regulatory changes, settlement risk and quota limitations. An operational constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Diversified Return Fund

Investment objective

To achieve long-term capital growth over a period of at least 5 years from a portfolio diversified across a range of assets. The Fund is managed to seek a return in excess of cash SONIA 30 (day compounded) +3% per annum over five years before fees. In doing so, it aims to achieve a positive return on a rolling three year basis (meaning a period of three years, no matter which day you start on). However, a positive return is not guaranteed and a capital loss may occur.

Performance Benchmark

The Fund will measure its performance before fees against SONIA (30-day compounded) +3% per annum over five years as a target benchmark (the "Benchmark"). SONIA is a nearly risk-free rate meaning no bank credit risk is included, the rate can rise or fall as a result of central bank policy decisions or changing economic conditions. The Fund will use the Benchmark as a target for the Fund's performance to match or exceed because it is representative of sterling cash and the Fund's investment objective is to seek a return in excess of sterling cash +3% per annum. The Fund is actively managed, which means the Investment Manager has discretion over the selection of investments, subject to the investment objective and policies as disclosed in the Prospectus.

The Fund can invest more than 35% of net assets in different Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by any EEA State, its local authorities, a third country or public international bodies of which one or more EEA States are members.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	9.98	7.04	-1.41	2.82	4.48
Performance Benchmark	3.21	3.05	4.26	7.68	7.35

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Fund	9.98	7.04	-1.41	2.82	4.48	_
Performance Benchmark	3.21	3.05	4.26	7.68	7.35	

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

Effective 1st October 2021, the benchmark changed from the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) to the Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA). All benchmark past performance prior to this date was calculated against LIBOR.

- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- The performance aim is not a guarantee, may not be achieved and a capital loss may occur. Funds which have a higher performance aim gener ally take more risk to achieve this and so have a greater potential for returns to vary significantly.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China interbank bond market through connection between the related Mainland and Hong Kong financial infrastructure institutions. These may be subject to regulatory changes, settlement risk and quota limitations. An operational constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Growth Fund

Investment objective

The Fund aims to achieve capital growth and income over the long term (5 years or more).

Performance Benchmark

The Fund will measure its performance against the UK Investment Association Flexible Investment NR Sector average as a comparator benchmark (the "Benchmark"). The Fund will use the Benchmark as an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of funds with the same flexibility, in terms of equity and bond exposure, as the Fund.

The Fund is actively managed, which means the Investment Manager has discretion over the selection of investments, subject to the investment objective and policies as disclosed in the Prospectus.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	10.97	19.55	-3	5.72	9.71
Performance Benchmark	6.74	12.27	-9.74	7.86	9.75

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Fund	10.97	19.55	-3.00	5.72	9.71	
Performance Benchmark	6.74	12.27	-9.74	7.86	9.75	

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China interbank bond market through connection between the related Mainland and Hong Kong financial infrastructure institutions. These may be subject to regulatory changes, settlement risk and quota limitations. An operational constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Moderate Fund

Investment objective

To achieve capital growth and income over the long term (5 years or more).

Performance Benchmark

The Fund will measure its performance against the UK Investment Association's Mixed Investment 20-60% Shares NR Sector average, as a comparator benchmark (the "Benchmark"). The Fund will use the Benchmark as an appropriate comparator because it includes a broad representation of funds with levels of equity and bond exposure similar to those of the Fund.

The Fund is actively managed, which means the Investment Manager has discretion over the selection of investments, subject to the investment objective and policies as disclosed in the Prospectus.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	6.68
Performance Benchmark	3.36	7.59	-9.79	6.89	6.17

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	-	-	-	-	6.68
Performance Benchmark	3.36	7.59	-9.79	6.89	6.17

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments can fall. Investors may not get back the amount invested. Income from investments may vary and is not guaranteed

- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund may invest in China interbank bond market through connection between the related Mainland and Hong Kong financial infrastructure institutions. These may be subject to regulatory changes, settlement risk and quota limitations. An operational constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation or one of its affiliates ("BNYM") has invested in the Fund. As a result of restrictions under the "Volcker Rule," which has been adopted by U.S. Regulators, BNYM must reduce its shareholding percentage so that it constitutes less than 25% of the Fund within, generally, three years of the Fund's setablishment (which starts when the Fund's manager begins making investments for the Fund). Risks may include: BNYM may initially own a proportionately larger percentage of the Fund, and any mandatory reductions may increase Fund portfolio turnover rates, resulting in increased costs, expenses and taxes. Details of BNYM's investment in the Fund are available upon request.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the
 issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security
 converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being
 written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being
 deferred.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



BNY Mellon Multi-Asset Income Fund

Investment objective

The Fund aims to achieve income together with the potential for capital growth over the long term (5 years or more).

Performance Benchmark

The Fund will measure its performance against a composite index, comprising 60% MSCI AC World NR Index and 40% ICE Bank of America Global Broad Market GBP Hedged TR Index, as a comparator benchmark (the "Benchmark"). The Fund will use the Benchmark as an appropriate comparator because the Investment Manager utilises this index when measuring the Fund's income yield.

The Fund is actively managed, which means the Investment Manager has absolute discretion to invest outside the Benchmark subject to the investment objective and policies disclosed in the Prospectus. While the Fund's holdings may include constituents of the Benchmark, the selection of investments and their weightings in the portfolio are not influenced by the Benchmark. The investment strategy does not restrict the extent to which the Investment Manager may deviate from the Benchmark.

The Fund can invest more than 35% of net assets in different Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments issued or guaranteed by any EEA State, its local authorities, a third country or public international bodies of which one or more EEA States are members.

Performance -12 month returns (%)

	Dec 2019	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023
	Dec 2020	Dec 2021	Dec 2022	Dec 2023	Dec 2024
Fund	4.07	11.53	0.63	3.3	4.54
Performance Benchmark	10.53	10.73	-10.21	11.39	12.44

Calendar Performance (%)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	4.07	11.53	0.63	3.30	4.54
Performance Benchmark	10.53	10.73	-10.21	11.39	12.44

Source: Lipper as at 31 December 2024. Fund performance Institutional Shares W (Accumulation) calculated as total return, including reinvested income net of applicable UK tax and charges, based on net asset value. All figures are in GBP terms.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

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- The Fund may invest in China A shares through Stock Connect programmes. These
 may be subject to regulatory changes and quota limitations. An operational
 constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability
 to achieve its investment objective.
- · There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objectives.
- This Fund invests in international markets which means it is exposed to changes in currency rates which could affect the value of the Fund.
- Derivatives are highly sensitive to changes in the value of the asset from which their
 value is derived. A small movement in the value of the underlying asset can cause a
 large movement in the value of the derivative. This can increase the sizes of losses
 and gains, causing the value of your investment to fluctuate. When using derivatives,
 the Fund can lose significantly more than the amount it has invested in derivatives.
- Investments in bonds/money market securities are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- Bonds with a low credit rating or unrated bonds have a greater risk of default. These
 investments may negatively affect the value of the Fund.
- The issuer of a security held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital to the Fund when due.
- Emerging Markets have additional risks due to less-developed market practices.
- The Fund takes its charges from the capital of the Fund. Investors should be aware that this has the effect of lowering the capital value of your investment and limiting the potential for future capital growth. On redemption, you may not receive back the full amount you initially invested.
- The Fund may invest in China interbank bond market through connection between the related Mainland and Hong Kong financial infrastructure institutions. These may be subject to regulatory changes, settlement risk and quota limitations. An operational constraint such as a suspension in trading could negatively affect the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- Contingent Convertible Securities (CoCo's) convert from debt to equity when the issuer's capital drops below a pre-defined level. This may result in the security converting into equities at a discounted share price, the value of the security being written down, temporarily or permanently, and/or coupon payments ceasing or being deferred.
- The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as custody of assets or acting as a counterparty to derivatives or other contractual arrangements, may expose the Fund to financial loss.
- The value of investments in Infrastructure Companies may be negatively impacted by changes in the regulatory, economic or political environment in which they operate.
- Companies with high-dividend rates are at a greater risk of not being able to meet these payments and are more sensitive to interest rate risk.
- A complete description of risk factors is set out in the Prospectus in the section entitled "Risk Factors".



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Important information

For Professional Clients only.

This is a financial promotion.

Please refer to the prospectus and the KIID before making any investment decisions. Go to www.bnymellonim.com.

Any views and opinions are those of the investment manager, unless otherwise noted and is not investment advice.

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